

ISO 6721-4 Dynamic Mechanical Properties (DMA) – Tensile Vibration

TEST METHOD SUMMARY

ISO 6721 Part 4 is one of the most commonly used test standards for conducting DMA of materials in Tension, at frequencies typically up to 100 Hz. The test procedure characterizes the viscoelastic properties of thermoplastic resins, thermosetting resins and composite systems. Using rectangular specimens, ISO 6721-4 determines the storage (elastic or E'), loss (viscous or E'') and complex (E*) moduli, as well as tan delta (tan δ), as a function of frequency, temperature, or time. These properties provide insights into the thermomechanical performance, including glass transition temperature (Tg), damping behavior, and effectiveness of cure.

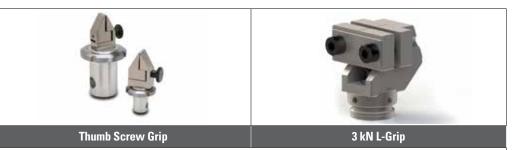
NOTE: Data accuracy and analysis is particularly critical with polymers, as failures can occur even when loads and stresses are constant over time. This is known as creep failure. Another common failure occurs when polymer life is shortened due to operation in higher temperatures than originally designed for. In accordance with the Williams-Landau-Ferry (WLF) model, the MTS Master Curve software can perform frequency-temperature shift procedures, allowing materials researchers to generate master plots that are critical in predicting long-term life based on short-term test data. Three decades of reliable data is especially important here since small data errors lead to large amounts of error in life estimation.

Solutions for ISO 6721-4 typically include these types of components;

LOAD FRAME OPTIONS*

Both the MTS Acumen[®] and the MTS Landmark[®] test systems are ideal for conducting dynamic mechanical analysis (DMA) of polymers per ISO 6721-4. They offer a variety of force capacities and deliver up to 100 Hz (covering three decades) of precise, frequency controlled test protocols to accommodate a wide variety of DMA and other fatigue testing needs. The compact MTS Acumen systems' electrodynamic actuation consumes less energy than other technologies, and provides a clean, quiet, and cost-effective system operation. The MTS Landmark 100 Hz Elastomer Test System is a tabletop system that features MTS servohydraulic actuation technology, and is the preferred test system when testing requirements demand higher force capacities.





There are several different tensile grips that can be used for ISO 6721-4. The easy-to-use, 3 kN Thumb Screw Grip works well for smaller specimens. The MTS Toggle Grip (not pictured) is self-tightening so it maintains the most consistent clamp load throughout the test. The MTS L-Grips are economical and come in both 250 N and 3 kN capacities.

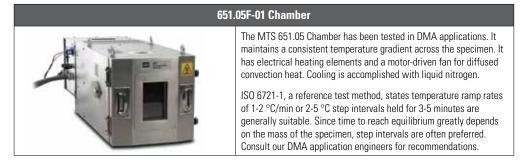


MTS Acumen® Electrodynamic Test System

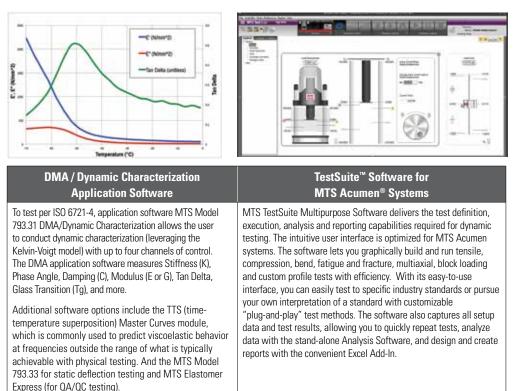


MTS Landmark® Servohydraulic Test System

CHAMBER OPTIONS*



SOFTWARE OPTIONS*



*NOTE: This technical note is intended to show some of the popular and more common solutions used for this particular application. Most often,

additional options are available and necessary to accomplish your more comprehensive test objectives.

APPENDIX - TEST SPECIMEN DETAIL

Rectangular test specimens are recommended. Where high accuracy in results is required, a specimen length permitting a clamp separation of at least 100 mm will achieve adequate accuracy in the determination of the dynamic tensile strain. In addition, when the length of the specimen between the clamps is greater than six times the specimen width, the constraint by the clamps to free lateral contraction of the specimen is essentially negligible.



MTS Systems

14000 Technology Drive Eden Prairie, MN 55344-2290 USA Telephone: 1-952-937-4000 Toll Free: 1-800-328-2255 E-mail: info@mts.com www.mts.com

ISO 9001 Certified QMS

MTS, MTS Acumen, and MTS Landmark are registered trademarks, and TestSuite is a trademark of MTS Systems Corporation within the United States. These trademarks may be protected in other countries. RTM No. 211177.

© 2021 MTS Systems 100-358-215 TMTN_IS06721-4 Printed in U.S.A. 09/21